1	AN ACT relating to social media Web sites.
2	Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Kentucky:
3	→ SECTION 1. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 411 IS CREATED TO
4	READ AS FOLLOWS:
5	The General Assembly hereby finds and declares that:
6	(1) Online censorship must be opposed, and limited censorship may be applied only
7	if online content is injurious to minors, or entices or promotes human
8	trafficking;
9	(2) There is a compelling interest in holding certain social media Web sites to higher
10	standards for having substantially created a digital public square;
11	(3) Citizens of the Commonwealth deserve to enjoy their free exercise rights of
12	speech and religion in certain semi-public forums commonly used for religious
13	and political speech, regardless of which political party or religious organization
14	they ascribe to; and
15	(4) Owners and operators of social media Web sites that have substantially created a
16	digital public square must be deterred from maliciously interfering in elections.
17	→SECTION 2. A NEW SECTION OF KRS CHAPTER 433 IS CREATED TO
18	READ AS FOLLOWS:
19	(1) As used in this section:
20	(a) "Algorithm" means a set of instructions designed to perform a specific
21	<u>task;</u>
22	(b) "Hate speech" means a phrase concerning content that an individual finds
23	offensive based on his or her personal moral code;
24	(c) "Obscene "has the same meaning as in KRS 531.010;
25	(d) "Political speech" means speech relating to the state, government, body
26	politic, or public administration as it relates to governmental policy-making,
27	and the term includes speech by the government or candidates for office

1		ana any discussion of social issues;
2		(e) "Religious speech" means speech relating to a set of unproven answers,
3		truth claims, faith-based assumptions, and naked assertions that attempt to
4		explain greater questions such as how the world was created, what
5		constitutes right and wrong actions by humans, and what happens after
6		<u>death;</u>
7		(f) "Shadowban" means the act of blocking or partially blocking a user or a
8		user's content from an online community in a manner that it will not be
9		readily apparent to the user that he or she has been blocked or banned; and
10		(g) "Social media Web site" means an internet Web site or application that
11		enables users to communicate with each other by posting information,
12		comments, messages, or images, and meets the following requirements:
13		1. Is open to the public;
14		2. Has more than seventy-five million (75,000,000) subscribers;
15		3. From its inception, has not been specifically affiliated with any
16		one (1) religion or political party; and
17		4. Provides a means for the Web site's users to report obscene
18		material and has in place procedures for evaluating those
19		reports and removing obscene material.
20	<u>(2)</u>	The owner or operator of a social media Web site who contracts with a social
21		media Web site user in this state is subject to a private cause of action by the user
22		if the social media Web site purposely:
23		(a) Deletes or censors the user's religious speech or political speech; and
24		(b) Uses an algorithm to disfavor, shadowban, or censor the user's religious
25		speech or political speech.
26	<u>(3)</u>	If the owner or operator of a social media Web site deletes, censors, or uses an
27		algorithm as outlined in subsection (2) of this section, a social media Web site

1		user may be awarded the following damages:
2		(a) A minimum of seventy-five thousand dollars (\$75,000) in statutory damages
3		per purposeful deletion or censoring of the social media Web site user's
4		speech;
5		(b) Actual damages;
6		(c) If aggravating factors are present, punitive damages; and
7		(d) Other forms of equitable relief; and
8	<u>(4)</u>	An owner or operator of a social media Web site that engages in the practices
9		described in this section shall also be in violation of the Consumer Protection Act
10		under KRS 367.110 to 367.330, and shall be subject to any additional damages or
11		penalties provided under those statutes.
12	<u>(5)</u>	The prevailing party in a cause of action under this section may be awarded costs
13		and reasonable attorney fees.
14	<u>(6)</u>	A social media Web site that restores a social media Web site user's speech in a
15		reasonable amount of time may use that fact to mitigate any damages.
16	<u>(7)</u>	A social media Web site shall not use the social media Web site user's alleged
17		hate speech as a basis for justification or defense of the social media Web site's
18		actions at trial.
19	<u>(8)</u>	The Attorney General may also bring a civil cause of action under this section on
20		behalf of a social media Web site user who resides in this state and whose
21		religious speech or political speech has been deleted or censored by a social
22		media Web site as outlined in subsection (2) of this section.
23	<u>(9)</u>	The venue for any civil action brought under this section shall be the
24		Commonwealth of Kentucky.
25	<u>(10)</u>	This section shall not apply to any of the following:
26		(a) A social media Web site that deletes or censors a social media Web site
27		user's speech or that uses an algorithm to disfavor shadowhan or censor

1	speech that:
2	1. Calls for immediate acts of violence;
3	2. Contains obscene material harmful to minors;
4	3. Is the result of operational error;
5	4. Is the result of a court order;
6	5. Comes from an inauthentic source or involves false impersonation;
7	6. Incites criminal conduct; or
8	7. Involves minors bullying minors; or
9	(b) A social media Web site user's censoring of another social media Web site
10	user's speech.
11	(11) Only users who are eighteen (18) years of age or older shall have standing to seek
12	enforcement of this section.
13	→ Section 3. This Act may be cited as the Stop Social Media Censorship Act.
14	→ Section 4. Whereas protecting the constitutional rights of the citizens of
15	Kentucky is of utmost importance, an emergency is declared to exist and this Act takes
16	effect upon its passage and approval by the Governor or upon its otherwise becoming a
17	law.